

# How to give basic life support and CPR to your baby at home

# Learn how to do basic life support for your baby using DRSABC.

# Danger

**Check** for any dangers to you, your baby, or the area around you.

#### Response

Talk to your baby and gently touch them to see if they react. Try squeezing their earlobe to see if they respond to pain. Never shake your baby.

# Send for help

**Call Triple Zero (000)**. Put the phone on speaker and ask for an ambulance.

If your baby isn't breathing, follow the next steps of ABC. If someone else is with you, they should call 000 while you begin ABC.

**Don't drive to the hospital**. Wait for the ambulance to arrive.

# Airway

Put your baby on a hard, flat surface.

Place one hand on top of your baby's head and one hand on their chin.

Keep their head and neck straight and slightly tilt their chin up to open their airway.

If something is blocking their airway, gently roll them onto their side and clear it with your little finger.

### **B**reathing

Look for chest movement.

Listen for air coming out of their nose and mouth.

Feel for air on your cheek.



If your baby **isn't breathing** or their breathing isn't normal, **give 2 breaths and start CPR**.

Cover your baby's nose and mouth with your own mouth when giving breaths.

## **C**ompressions (CPR)

Place 2 fingers in the centre of their chest

just below the nipple line.

**Push** down to a depth of about 1/3 of their chest.

Do 30 compressions, then give 2 breaths.



Press at a rate of **2** compressions a second.

**Every 2 minutes**, check for breathing and swap with another person if you can.

#### You can stop CPR when:

- your baby starts breathing on their own lay them on their side and watch their breathing until the ambulance arrives
- help arrives with advanced life support equipment
- you're alone and become too tired it's OK to stop for a short break.

### For more information

Watch the video, How to give CPR to babies 0-12 months on the Better Health Channel. It's available in several languages. betterhealth.vic.gov.au/health/conditionsand treatments/cardiopulmonary-resuscitationcpr

# Do you need an interpreter?



You can ask for an interpreter if you need one.



**Disclaimer**: This fact sheet provides general information only. For specific advice about your or your baby's healthcare needs, you should seek advice from your health professional. The Royal Women's Hospital does not accept any responsibility for loss or damage arising from your reliance on this fact sheet instead of seeing a health professional. If you or your baby require urgent medical attention, please contact your nearest emergency department. © The Royal Women's Hospital 2025.